- (original) A discharge lamp having a reflector and cooling means,
- which cooling means has at least one nozzle (3; 31, 32, 33, 34) through which a
- flow of gas can be directed onto the discharge lamp, wherein the at least one
- 4 nozzle (3; 31, 32, 33, 34) is arranged such that it does not extend, at least to any
- substantial degree, into a beam path produced by the lamp (2) and the reflector (1).
- (original) A discharge lamp as claimed in claim 1, wherein the at least
- one nozzle (3; 31, 32, 33, 34) is inserted in a hole in the reflector (1).
- (currently amended) A discharge lamp as claimed in claim 1,
- wherein the a velocity of the flow of gas emerging from the at least one nozzle (3,
- 3 31, 32, 33, 34) is of a value such that a turbulent flow is produced that surrounds at
- least part of the lamp (2).
- 4. (original) A discharge lamp as claimed in claim 1, wherein at least two
- nozzles (31, 32; 33, 34) that are at an angle to one another are directed at the
- discharge lamp (2) such that a turbulent flow is produced that surrounds at least
- a part of the lamp (2).

- 5. (original) A discharge lamp as claimed in claim 4, wherein the nozzles
- (31, 32; 33, 34) are at an angle of approximately  $90^{\circ}$  to one another.
- 6. (original) A discharge lamp as claimed in claim 1, wherein a first
- sensor (41) is arranged adjacent at least one of the nozzles (3; 31, 32, 33, 34) to
- 3 sense the velocity and/or the pressure and/or the flow-rate of a flow of gas passing
- through the nozzle (3; 31, 32, 33, 34).
- 7. (currently amended) A discharge lamp as claimed in claim 1,
- wherein at least one first nozzle (31, 32) is directed at a region of the discharge
- yessel (21) that is at the top in the position in which the discharge lamp (2) is
- operating, and at least one second nozzle (33, 34) is directed at a region of the a
- discharge vessel (21) that is at the bottom in this same operating position.
- (original) A discharge lamp as claimed in claim 7, wherein the
- 2 velocity of the flow of gas passing through at least one of the nozzles (3; 31, 32,
- 3 33, 34) can be controlled as a function of the operating position of the discharge
- lamp (2).

- original) A discharge lamp as claimed in claim 7, wherein a second
- sensor (12) is provided to sense the operating position of the discharge lamp (2)
- and to control the velocity of the flow of gas passing through at least one of the
- nozzles (3; 31, 32, 33, 34) as a function of the operating position.
- 1 10. (new) A discharge lamp comprising
- a discharge element;
- a reflector about the discharge element for producing a beam path toward an exit window;
- cooling means, comprising at least one nozzle arranged at the exterior of the reflector and having an opening at the boundary of the reflector inside the lamp, the nozzle pointing toward the discharge element, but not parallel to an axis of symmetry created by the discharge element and a neck of the reflector.
- 1 11. (new) The lamp of claim 10 comprising at least one second nozzle, also having
- an opening at the boundary of the reflector inside the lamp, pointing toward the
- 3 discharge element, but not parallel to the axis, the second nozzle forming an angle

- with respect to the first nozzle such that a turbulent flow is produced around the
- s discharge element.
- 1 12. (new) The lamp of claim 10, wherein the nozzle is arranged perpendicularly to
- 2 the beam path.
- 13. (new) The lamp of claim 10, comprising at least first and second nozzles
- arranged approximately opposite each other across the axis.
- 1 14. (new) The lamp of claim 10, wherein the nozzle is arranged near the exit
- 2 window and pointing back approximately toward a neck of the reflector.
- 1 15. (new) The lamp of claim 10, wherein the nozzle is not arranged in a neck of the
- 2 reflector.